

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**COSMO PU-100.130****COSMO PU-100.131****COSMO PU-100.132****COSMO PU-100.140****(COSMOPUR 819)****(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)****(COSMOPUR 819 grau)****(COSMOPUR 819 C)**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Adhesive

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Weiss Chemie + Technik GmbH &amp; Co. KG

Hansastraße 2

35708 Haiger

Tel: +49 (0) 2773 / 815-0

msds@weiss-chemie.de

www.weiss-chemie.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WIC)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H335-May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Resp. Sens.	1	H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carc.	2	H351-Suspected of causing cancer.
STOT RE	2	H373-May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)****Danger**

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H335-May cause respiratory irritation. H315-Causes skin irritation. H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H373-May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P284-Wear respiratory protection.

P302+P352-IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water / soap. P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

EUH204-Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH211-Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (&lt; 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (&lt; 0,1 %).

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

n.a.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Propylene carbonate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119537232-48-XXXX
Index	607-194-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	203-572-1
CAS	108-32-7
content %	1<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457014-47-XXXX
Index	615-005-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	202-966-0
CAS	101-68-8
content %	1<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119480143-45-XXXX
Index	615-005-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	227-534-9
CAS	5873-54-1
content %	1<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	---
CAS	9016-87-9
content %	1<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489379-17-XXXX
Index	022-006-002
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	236-675-5
CAS	13463-67-7
content %	<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Carc. 2, H351 (as inhalation)

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119927323-43-XXXX
Index	615-005-00-9
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	219-799-4
CAS	2536-05-2
content %	0,1<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.



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COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)  
(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)  
(COSMOPUR 819 grau)  
(COSMOPUR 819 C)

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!  
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.  
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.  
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.  
Respiratory arrest - Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

#### Skin contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.  
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.  
Dab away with polyethylene glycol 400

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.  
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.  
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.  
The following may occur:

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)  
Drying of the skin.  
Allergic contact eczema  
Discoloration of the skin  
Irritant to mucosa of the nose and throat  
Coughing  
Headaches  
Effect on the central nervous system  
Asthmatic symptoms  
In case of sensitivity, concentrations below the limit value may already result in asthmatic symptoms.  
Respiratory distress  
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.  
**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**  
In case of irritation of the lungs, perform first-aid with controlled-dosage aerosol dexamethasone.  
Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis  
Medical supervision necessary due to possibility of delayed reaction.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

CO<sub>2</sub>  
Extinction powder  
Water jet spray  
Foam

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:  
Oxides of carbon  
Oxides of nitrogen  
Isocyanates  
Hydrocyanic acid (hydrogen cyanide)  
Toxic gases  
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Protective respirator with independent air supply.  
According to size of fire  
Full protection, if necessary.  
Cool container at risk with water.  
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air.  
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.  
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.  
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.  
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.  
Prevent from entering drainage system.  
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.  
Allow to stand for a few days in an unclosed container until reaction no longer occurs.  
Keep moist.  
Do not close packing drum.  
CO<sub>2</sub> formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.  
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.  
If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary.  
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.  
No contact with products of this type in case of allergies, asthma and chronic respiratory tract disorders.  
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.  
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities


Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
Store product closed and only in original packing.  
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.  
Only store at temperatures from .  
Store in a dry place.


### 7.3 Specific end use(s)


Adhesive


## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection


### 8.1 Control parameters


 Chemical Name	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		Content
			%:1<10
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures:			
ISO 16702 (Workplace air quality – determination of total isocyanate groups in air using 2-(1-methoxyphenyl)piperazine and liquid chromatography) - 2007			
- MDHS 25/4 (Organic isocyanates in air – Laboratory method using sampling either onto 2-(1-methoxyphenyl)piperazine coated glass fibre filters followed by solvent desorption or into impingers and analysis using high performance liquid chromatography) - 2015 -			
- EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 7-4 (2004)			
- NIOSH 5521 (ISOCYANATES, MONOMERIC) - 1994			
- NIOSH 5522 (ISOCYANATES) - 1998			
- NIOSH 5525 (ISOCYANATES, TOTAL (MAP)) - 2003			
- OSHA 18 (Diisocyanates 2,4-TDI and MDI) - 1980			
- OSHA 47 (Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)) - 1984			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	


 Chemical Name	o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate		Content
			%:1<10
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	


 Chemical Name	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues		Content
			%:1<10
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

	Chemical Name	Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)		Content
				%:<5
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust), 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust)		WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:		---		
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---		

	Chemical Name	2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		Content
				%0,1- <1
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))		WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))		---
Monitoring procedures: ---				
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)			Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

	Chemical Name	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		Content %:
	WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures:		ISO 16702 (Workplace air quality – determination of total isocyanate groups in air using 2-(1-methoxyphenyl)piperazine and liquid chromatography) - 2007		
	-	MDHS 25/4 (Organic isocyanates in air – Laboratory method using sampling either onto 2-(1-methoxyphenyl)piperazine coated glass fibre filters followed by solvent desorption or into impingers and analysis using high performance liquid chromatography) - 2015 -		
	-	EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 7-4 (2004)		
	-	NIOSH 5521 (ISOCYANATES, MONOMERIC) - 1994		
	-	NIOSH 5522 (ISOCYANATES) - 1998		
	-	NIOSH 5525 (ISOCYANATES, TOTAL (MAP)) - 2003		
	-	OSHA 18 (Diisocyanates 2,4-TDI and MDI) - 1980		
	-	OSHA 47 (Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)) - 1984		
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))		

 Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:		---	
BMGV: ---		Other information: ---	

 Chemical Name	o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate		Content
			%:
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

Chemical Name	Calcium carbonate		Content
			%:



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(COSMOPUR 819)  
(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)  
(COSMOPUR 819 grau)  
(COSMOPUR 819 C)

WEL-TWA: 4 mg/m3 (respirable dust), 10 mg/m3 (total inhalable dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: ---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

#### Propylene carbonate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	9	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,09	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,083	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,81	mg/l	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,83	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	740	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	70,53	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	176	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	20	mg/m3	

#### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

#### o-(p-isocyanatobenzyloxy)phenyl isocyanate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	

	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

#### Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,184	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0184	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,193	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	100	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	1667	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	700	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	

#### 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

#### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	



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COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)  
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(COSMOPUR 819 grau)  
(COSMOPUR 819 C)

	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm 2	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm 2	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg body weight/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm 2	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm 2	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Description	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Short term, local effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,02 5	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	17,2	mg/cm 2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,05	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	28,7	mg/cm 2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	50	mg/kg bw/d	

(GB) WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40, AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE), (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE), (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE), (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage. \* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision. (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction. If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn. Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here. Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques. These are specified by e.g. EN 14042. EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingsuffs. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:  
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:  
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).  
Recommended  
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374).  
Minimum layer thickness in mm:  
≥ 0,35  
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:  
≥ 480  
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.  
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.  
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:  
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:  
Normally not necessary.  
If OES or MEL is exceeded.  
Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white  
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:  
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed. In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents. Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications. Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account. Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use. The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Pastelike, Liquid  
Colour: According to specification  
Odour: Characteristic  
Odour threshold: Not determined  
pH-value: n.a.  
Melting point/freezing point: Not determined  
Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not determined  
Flash point: Not determined  
Evaporation rate: n.a.  
Flammability (solid, gas): n.a.



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Lower explosive limit:

Not determined

Upper explosive limit:

Not determined

Vapour pressure:

Not determined

Vapour density (air = 1):

Not determined

Density:

~1,52 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Bulk density:

n.a.

Solubility(ies):

Not determined

Water solubility:

Insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

Not determined

Decomposition temperature:

Not determined

Viscosity:

Not determined

Explosive properties:

Product is not explosive.

Oxidising properties:

No

**9.2 Other information**

Miscibility:

Not determined

Fat solubility / solvent:

Not determined

Conductivity:

Not determined

Surface tension:

Not determined

Solvents content:

Not determined

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

reacts with water

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable with proper storage and handling.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Exothermic reaction possible with:

Alcohols

Amines

Bases

Acids

Water

Development of:

Carbon dioxide

CO<sub>2</sub> formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise.

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Protect from humidity.

Polymerisation due to high heat is possible.

T &gt; ~ 260°C

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Acids

Bases

Amines

Alcohols

Water

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No decomposition when used as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/ 4h			Vapours, calculated value
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classificati on according to calculation procedure.

Propylene carbonate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/k g	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/k g	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosio n)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosio n)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being		No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 482 (Gen. Tox. - DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	1000	mg/k g	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, headaches, gastrointes tinal disturba nce, dizziness, nausea
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOEL	>5000	mg/k g		OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOEC	100	mg/m 3		OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Dust, Mist

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/k g	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/k g	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,368	mg/l/ 4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classificatio n.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/ 4h			Aerosol, Expert judgement.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosio n)	Skin Irrit. 2. Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Skin Sens. 1
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonel la typhimuri um	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negativem ale
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 489 (In Vivo Mammalian Alkaline Comet Assay)	Negativem ale
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinog enicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Carc. 2
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	4-12	mg/m 3	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAE L	1	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Target organ(s): respiratory system
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAE L	0,2	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Target organ(s): respiratory system

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,387	mg/l/4h	Rat		Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/4h			Aerosol, Expert judgement.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2, Analogous conclusion
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion, Does not conform with EU classification.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion male
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Carc. 2
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	4-12	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation, breathing difficulties, coughing, asthmatic symptoms
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAE L	0,2	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Target organ(s): respiratory system
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAE L	1	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion, Target organ(s): respiratory system

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,31	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/4h			Expert judgement.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion, Does not conform with EU classification.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Rat		Yes (inhalation)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	4	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	LOAE L	1		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAE L	0,2		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Aspiration hazard:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Positive

Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Up- and-Down Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>6,8	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitizing
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	(Ames-Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Not irritant (respiratory tract).
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation, coughing, respiratory distress, drying of the skin.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAE L	3500	mg/k g/d	Rat		90d
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAE C	10	mg/m 3	Rat		90d

2,2'-methylenebis(phenyl) diisocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,527	mg/l/ 4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l			Aerosol, Expert judgement
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Slightly irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Yes (inhalation), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Aerosol, Carc. 2
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	4-12	mg/m 3	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect., Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, coughing, mucous membrane irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAE L	0,2	mg/m 3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Target organ(s): respiratory system, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	LOAE L	1	mg/m 3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Target organ(s): respiratory system, Analogous conclusion

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>2,24	mg/l/ 4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,368	mg/l/ 4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Does not conform with EU classification.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant, Analogous conclusion
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant, Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (inhalation and skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	4	mg/m 3	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, coughing, mucous membrane irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Irritation of the respiratory tract
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Irritation of the respiratory tract, Target organ(s): respiratory system

Silica, amorphous						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	> 2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:						No

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes

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COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)  
(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)  
(COSMOPUR 819 grau)  
(COSMOPUR 819 C)

Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,387	mg/l/4h	Rat		Does not conform with EU classification.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant, Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Sensitising (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Yes (inhalation), Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Symptoms:						asthmatic symptoms, mucous membrane irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Target organ(s): respiratory tract, Irritant

Calcium carbonate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 420 (Acute Oral toxicity - Fixed Dose Procedure)	
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	> 5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>3	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					in vitro	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative, administered as Calcium lactate
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative, administered as Calcium carbonate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomer and homologues						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>9400	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,49	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification.

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Yes (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:		1	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Positive
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	12	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Aerosol
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):		4		Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Irritation of the respiratory tract
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOEC	0,2	mg/kg		OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						fever, coughing, headaches, nausea and vomiting, dizziness, breathing difficulties, laryngeal oedema, abdominal pain, diarrhoea
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Target organ(s): respiratory organs, May cause respiratory irritation.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

COSMO PU-100.130  
COSMO PU-100.131  
COSMO PU-100.132  
COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)  
(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)  
(COSMOPUR 819 grau)  
(COSMOPUR 819 C)

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO <sub>2</sub> into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbonate). According to experience available to date, polycarbonate is inert and non-degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.



(GB)

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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

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COSMO PU-100.130

COSMO PU-100.131

COSMO PU-100.132

COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)

(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)

(COSMOPUR 819 grau)

(COSMOPUR 819 C)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Propylene carbonate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Cyprinus caprio	92/69/EC	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>900	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			83,5-87,7	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable29d
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	14d	90-100	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,48				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).., calculated value
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	7400	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	
Other information:	AOX		0	%			Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Other information:							According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable .. With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,0229	Pa*m			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradable, With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).., According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable .., Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		5,22				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Other information:	AOX						Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lactuca sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Avena sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids:	EC50	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradable, Analogous conclusion, According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable. With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	Not to be expected, Analogous conclusion
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,0229	Pa*m <sup>3</sup> /mol			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Avena sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lactuca sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion

**Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Avena sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%	activated sludge	OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradable, According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable. With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	<14		Cyprinus carpio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Negative
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lactuca sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	

**Titanium dioxide (in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 µm)**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	16	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	U.S. EPA-600/9-78-018	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	9,6				Not to be expected
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	14d	19-352				Oncorhynchus mykiss
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Negative
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:			>5000	mg/l	Escherichia coli		
Toxicity to bacteria:	LC0	24h	>10000	mg/l	Pseudomonas fluorescens		
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/N OEL		>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida		
Water solubility:							Insoluble 20 °C

**2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,0229	Pa*m <sup>3</sup> /mol			
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%	activated sludge	OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO <sub>2</sub> into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide)., According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable. Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		5,22				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	Not to be expected, Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Avena sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lactuca sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion

**4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1,5	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1640	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/N OEL	72h	1640	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO <sub>2</sub> into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide)., According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD	28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO <sub>2</sub> into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide)., According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		5,22			OECD 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - HPLC method)	A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion

Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
Toxicity to annelids:	EC50	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	

Silica, amorphous							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC0	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC0	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>=10000	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Inorganic products cannot be eliminated from water through biological purification methods.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide)., Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	28d	200		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	Not to be expected, Analogous conclusion
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	Analogous conclusion
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000		Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Analogous conclusion

Calcium carbonate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>14	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to annelids:					Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	Negative
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not relevant for inorganic substances
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not relevant for inorganic substances
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>200	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Inorganic products cannot be eliminated from water through biological purification methods.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/N OEL	21d	>10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		OECD 301 C (Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I))	Not biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	<14		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other organisms:	NOEC/N OEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	
Other information:	BOD	28d	<10	%		OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

08 05 01 waste isocyanates

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

Hardened product:

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

14.1. UN number: n.a.

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

Classification code: n.a.

LQ: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

Marine Pollutant: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.

14.4. Packing group: n.a.

14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national

implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive

92/85/EEC)!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

0 g/l

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections:

2, 15

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H335	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Carc. 2, H351	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT RE 2, H373	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H351 Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Resp. Sens. — Respiratory sensitization

Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BSEF The International Bromine Council

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

et cetera

EU European Union

EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer

Fax. Fax number

gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential



Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

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COSMO PU-100.130

COSMO PU-100.131

COSMO PU-100.132

COSMO PU-100.140

(COSMOPUR 819)

(COSMOPUR 819 schwarz)

(COSMOPUR 819 grau)

(COSMOPUR 819 C)

IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code)	International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl.	including, inclusive
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC	International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50	Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50	Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LQ	Limited Quantities
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a.	not applicable
n.av.	not available
n.av.	not checked
n.c.	no data available
n.d.a.	no data available
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org.	organic
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE	Polyethylene
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
PVC	Polyvinylchloride
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No.	9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substances of Very High Concern
Tel.	Telephone
UN RTDG	United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt	wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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